PERIOD TWO:

American Indians, Dutch & French & English Colonial Efforts, Pueblo Revolt, Triangular Trade, Jamestown (profit) vs. Plymouth (Religion), Puritans, Enlightenment, Indentured Servitude, Anglicization

Abigail Adams, Beaver Wars, Clipper Ships, Dominion of New England, Joint Stock Companies, Molasses Act, Mulatto, Navigation Acts, Pueblo, Pennsylvania founding, Praying, Towns, Jean Rousseau, John Locke, Maroon Communities, Maryland Toleration Act, Scots-Irish, sextant, Adam Smith, Stamp Act, Colonization, European Expansion, (from a global perspective) First Great Awakening, King Phillips War, Vaqueros, Wampanoag, Wool Act, Hereditary Privilege, Mercantilism, shared labor market (eastern and western hemispheres during colonial period), Roger Williams, New England Federation, Salem Witch Trials, Peter Zenger trial, Jonathan Edwards, George Whitefield, Harvard College, House of Burgesses, Headright System, Great Puritan Migration, Anne Hutchinson, Salutary Neglect, Mayflower Compact, Halfway Covenant, Middle Passage, Pilgrims/Separatists, Iroquois Confederacy, Molasses Act, Smuggling, furs, tobacco, Chickasaw wars, Disease (population decline of Native Americans), Bacon's Rebellion,